this fate are subject, when in actual fervice. Whereupon the court are of opinion, enfign Ba-ker is unworthy a commission in the multia of this state, and cashier him. Which sentence the president approves and directs the same to be carried into execution.

Lieutenant Warner charged with the like of-

fences, and having received the same sentence, it is approved in the like manner.

Lieutenant Six at charged with, First, desert-

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ing to the enemy; Secondly, not using the pro-per means to join his battalion in actual service. i he court acquit him of the nirst charge, but find him guilty of the fecond, being a breach of the nith article of the eighteenth fection of the articles or war, and also that he is not deserving of a commission in the militia of this state, but ought to be cashiered. Which sentence the prefident approves, and orders to be carried into execution.

Lieucenant Roehm charged in like manner, the court acquits him with honour.

Lieuten int Taylor charged in like manner, and acquitted with honour.

Both which fentences the prefident approves. -Captain Ruper, captain Ryan, lieutenant Lifle, lieutenant Everhart, lieutenant Duchee, and lieutenant Ingles, charged in like manner. The opinion, from their fituation they are not objects of their jurisdicton. The president therefore directs lieutenant Boehm, lieutenant Taylor, and those officers last mentioned, to be released from arrest and return to their

JOSEPH REED, President.

The honourable major general SULLIVAN, commander in chief of the weltern army.

WE the officers of artillery congratulate you, on your tafe and happy arrival, with the troops er your command, at Easton.

under your command, at Easton.

We cannot help expressing the pleasure we feel, in reflecting on the many difficulties and dangers in the course of a campaign, through a large extent of a lavage enemy's country, which we have been enabled, by your great abilities and military knowledge, to turnount.

We present to you out sincerest thanks, for the care and attention you have taken in making a comfortable provision (notwithstanding your

a comfortable provision (notwithstanding your many disappointments) for your army in general, and in particular for your generolity to the corps in which you have the honour to ferve.

We beg your acceptance of our best wishes for the restoration and continuance of your health, and are, with the greatest esteem, dear general, Your most obedient and very humble servants.

(In behalt or the corps)
THOMAS FOHEST,
Lieut. col. confinandant.

Eafton, Offober 16, 1779.

General SULLIVAN's answer.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR very polite and friendly congratulations, on my fafe arrival at this polt, with the troops I have the honour to command, have my most fincere and cordial thanks.

The difficulties attending the late expedition against a favege, secret, and defultory enemy, far exceeded any idea which could possibly be formed by their, who were unacquainted with the country; and were such, as no exertions of mine could have surmounted, if the unparalleled ardour and persevering views of the officers and ardour and perfevering virtue of the officers and toldiers of the weitern army had not enabled me to compleatly overcome them.

The testimony you are pleased to give of my attention to the troops in general, and to your corps in particular, cannot tail to afford ine the highest satisfaction. All the troops had a great claim to every possible attention, and the particular exertions of your corps. in transporting cular exertions of your corps, in transporting the artillery through a country before deemed impassable, could not fail of ontaining in return, every mark of generofity and gratitude in my

I thank you fincerely for your generous wishes I thank you fincerely for your generous wines for the restoration of my health, which, if restablished, I mean to devote, with unremitted ardour, to the service of my country.

I have the honour to be with very particular respect, gentlemen, your most obedient,

and very humble fervant,
JOHN SULLIVAN.

confident has terminated in such a manner as to reflect the highest honour upon you as the commander, and must insure you the applause of every friend to his country. Consident they are, had it not been for your unparalleled actions and determined resolution, to fully answer the expectations of your country, and secure the peace and tranquility of the frontiers, the obstaould never have been furmounted and the end of the expedition remain'd unaniwered. With fincere wishes for your happiness, and a speedy restoration of your health, I have the honour to subscribe myself, in behalf of the corps, Your honour's most obedient

Eaflen and very humble fervant, Odober 17. ADAM HUBLEY, Junior, Lieut, colonel.

The honourable major-general Sullivan.

To this ADDRESS the general returned the following answer.

GENTLEMEN

I SINCERELY thank you for your very polite and flattering address, and for your congratulations, on the success of the expedition envoured with such pleasing evidence, that my conduct has given the officers and soldiers of your corps; that satisfaction which such brave and virtuous troops undoubtedly merit.

However tenfinie I may be that your generofity, has attributed more to my exertions than I can perfuade myfelf I amentitled to; I cannot help acknowledging the fatisfaction I feel in the tethmony-you have been pleafed to give, of my having exerted those talents with which nature has the statement of my turnished me, to answer the expectations of my country, to secure peace to its frontiers, and to give satisfaction to the brave troops I had the honour to command.

Your wishes for the restoration of my health demands my warmest thanks, and add to those feelings of gratitude with which your faithful and virtuous fervices have inspired me.

I have the honour to be, with the highest re-

spect and esteem, gentlemen, your obedient and fpect and encem, by very humble fervant, JOHN SULLIVAN.

WHEREAS it becomes beliambly to p. proach the throne of Almighty God, with grati-tude and praife, for the wonders which his goodhas wrought in conducting our forefathers to this western world; for his protection to them and to their posterity, amid difficulties and dan-gers; for raising us their children from deep diftreis, to be numbered among the nations of the earth; and for arming the hands of just and mighty princes in our deliverance; and rejectal-ly tor that he hath been pleased to grant us the enjoyment of health, and so to order the revolving teasons, that the earth hath produced her encrease in abundance, bleffing the labours of the husbandman and should be the husbandman and the husbandman and spreading plenty through the land; that he hath prospered our arms and those of our ally, been a shield to our troops in the hour of danger, pointed their fwords to vic-tory, and led them in triumph over the bulwarks of the fee; that he hath gone with those who went out into the wilderness against the savage tribes; that he hath stayed the hand of the spoiler, and turned back his meditated destruction; that he hath prospered our commerce and given fuccels to those who sought the enemy on the race of the deep; and above all, that he hath diffused the glorious light of the Gospel, where-by, through the merits of our gracious Redeemer, we may become the heirs of his eternal glory. Therefore,
Refolved, That it be recommended to the fe-

veral States to appoint Thursday the ninth of veral states to appoint Thursday the ninth of December next, to be a day of public and so-lemn THANKSGIVING to Almighty God, for his mercies, and of PRAYER, for the continuance of his favour and protection to these United States; to beseeh him that he would be graciously pleased to influence our public councils, and bless them with wisdom from on high, with unanimity, firmness and success; that he would go forth with our hoss and crown our arms with visitory. with our hoffs and crown our arms with victory that he would grant to his Church the plentiful effusions of divine grace, and pour out his holy spirit on all ministers of the Gopel; that he would bless and prosper the means of education. and spread the light of christian knowledge through the remotest corners of the earth; that An ADDRESS from the corps of light infantry to the honourable major-general SUL-LIVAN, commander in chief of the west-ern army.

IMPRESSED with seatiments of esterm and gratitude, the light infantry under your honour's command, beg leave to congratulate you as the success of the expedition, which they are successed as the success of the expedition, which they are successed as the successed as

peace to contending nations; that he would in mercy look down upon us, pardon all our fins, and receive us into his fayour; and finally, that he would establish the independence of these U-nited States upon the basis of religion and virtue, and support and protect them in the enjoyment peace, liberty and fafety.
Done in Congress the twentieth day of Octoof peace

ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and feventy-hine, and in the fourth year of the independence of the U-

nited States of America.

SAMUEL HUNTINGTON, Pref: Attef. CHARLES THOMSON, Sect.

08. 26. The following is a true account of intelligence received the 23d inft. from Charleftown, South-Carolina, in letters and news.papers to the ad inft. of the operations of the compers to the 30 mit. of the operation count d'Ef-bined arms under his excellency the count d'Ef-

taing and major-general Lincoln.
Colonel Maitland, with fo many of his troops were inclined and able, had made his escape from Beaufort and joined general Prevoit at Savannah, leaving behind him his whole hospital, artillery, baggage and stores. The colonel, in order to effect his purpose, must have plunged through swamps, bogs and creeks which had never been attempted before but by bears,

wolves, and run away negroes.

The enemy were strongly fortified by lines, redoubts and abbatis in the town of Savannah, where the foil is chiefly fand and the furface level; their number about 3000, exclusive of ne-groes and other rubbage which general Prevoft

had feduced to join him.

Count d'Estaing had landed 5000 troops and formed a junction with general Lincoln, who must have had under his command about 4000. Count Pulaski and general M'Intosh had been detached foutherly, pobably to fecure the town of Sunbury about 40 miles distant from Savan-nah, and to intercept retreating parties by land and inland navigation, which in that country may be attempted with great prospect of fuccels. The allies finding general Prevoit to strongly entrenched had determined, after a truities

fummons, to make regular approaches in preference to a general assault. The works would be rence to a general assault. The works would be compleat on the 1st of October, and it was expected the batteries, conflitting of 38 pieces of heavy cannon and 8 mortars, would open in the lame inflant on the 2d or 3d.

Sorties in two attempts had been made by the besieged on our working parties; in both in-ftances the assailants were beat back, and suffered

The Eagitaire had taken the Experiment, commanded by Sir James Wallace, after a brave resistance. It is said that on board the Experiment were general Vaughan or some other Briment were general vaugnan or some other British general, and 20 other officers, and cash for paying the British troops in Georgia; that dispatches had been found on board, informing of an embarkation of 4000 men at New-York intended for Georgia and South Carolina; in confequence of which 10 ships of the line had been detached by count d'Estaing for convenient them. detached by count d'Estaing for conveying them in. This may account for the fleet which lately appeared at the mouth of Chefapeake.

The Ariel, Fowey, and a floop of 18 guns, British men of war; a large ship with 2200 barrels of bread and flour, a large quantity of beef and pork, 4000 fuits of cloathing, &c. &c. and all the enemy's flore and transport ships, had fallen into the French admiral's hands, besides ma-

ny captures at sea.

Mr. Alexander Cameron, formerly a British deputy, now superintendant of Indian affairs in the fouthern diffrict, fuccessor to the late un-grateful John Stuart, had prevailed on a part of the Cherokees to break faith with South-Carolina: these had been severely chattised by general Williamson, many of them killed and others made prisoners, their towns and provisions tomade priloners, their towns and provisions to-tally deftroyed, and Cameron driven out of the nation. The general had returned from his expedition, and would join general Lincoln with about 1000 men on the 19th or 30th Sep-

The camps of the allies are in perfect health and harmony, and every body in full prospect of re-possessing Savannah, and of having the British ge-neral, his troops, and the wrong governor Sir James Wright, prisoners of war within a week. Deferters were coming in daily from the enemy.